

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XV, No. 40

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, Mar. 1, 1928

Price: \$2.00 Per Year

United Church

Church School, 2:00 p.m.
"All the much-loved children,
Wherever they may lie,
In this land of sunshine
Or far across the sea,
Have a loving Father
Who with tender care
Watches o'er the children,
Here and everywhere."
Is not such a profound yet
simple truth well worth teach-
ing?
Bring the children to the
church school.

Febble evening, 7:30 p.m.,

Sunday worship is naturally
a time for worship—we may
turn our thoughts backward
over the road of experience,
but God also calls us to gaze
forward with vision and hope
over an untraveled way. All
who love an exhilarating game,
and who like it well played,
whether curling, golf, billiards
or bridge will be interested in
the sermon topic: "Good Sports
manship."

The choir will aid in worship
by rendering the following
numbers:

Invocation.

Duet: Mesdames McCune and

I wish to advise that
I now have associated with me

Mr. Kenneth Hendry

who has conducted a Garage
at Hindless for the past two
years, and who will be

in charge of
Sales and Service

We invite you to give us a
chance at your next REPAIR
job. Service and prices right

N. D. Storey

Office: Peter's Building

J. I. Case

Tractor School

It will pay you to attend the Big
FREE

Tractor Power Farming
School at
EMPRESS, ALTA.
March 8 & 9

COLDS! COLDS!

Stop a Cold --- Use Dominion C.B.Q.
That tickling cough in the throat---Nyal's Pinot
That cough from the chest---Thermofuge and Rexall
Bronchial Syrup
A Tonic After the Cold---Wampole's Cod Liver Oil

But Don't Neglect That Cold

EMPRESS DRUG CO.

Sell Alberta Railway

Edmonton--Sale of the La-
combe and Northwestern Rail-
way to the Canadian Pacific is
announced by the provincial
premier. The C.P.R. agrees to
indemnify the province against
future liability on outstanding
5 per cent bonds for the amount
of \$278,700,000 and, in addition,
pay 1,500,000,000 in cash, at the
same time undertaking to con-
struct a twenty mile extension
within the next three years.

It's Great Fun

If we print jokes, folks say
we are silly.

If we don't, they say we are
too serious.

If we publish original matter,
they say we lack variety.

If we publish things from other
papers, we are too lazy to
write.

If we stay on the job, we
ought to be out rustling news.
If we are rustling news, we
are not attending to business in
the office.

If we don't print contribu-
tions, we don't show proper
appreciation.

If we do print them, the pap-
er is filled with junk.

Like as not some fellow will
say we swiped this from another
paper.
So we did.

Hitch your wagon to a star
but keep your auto on the
road.

A Scotch salesman sent his
sweetheart a penny packet of
flower seeds as a New Year's
gift, with these directions:
"Plant these th' noo, Maggie,
ma bonnie lassie, and ye'll ha'
a braw bouquet for yer' birth-
day giftee."

Goldie,
Solie: Miss Opal Boyd,
Anthony: "Melrose Thine Ear."
Solist: T. Rowles,
Benediction.
Rev. N. W. Whitmore,
Minister

Good Time At Farewell Dance

A public dance was held in
the theatre on Tuesday even-
ing. The dance was put on by
the Bachelors' Club, for one of
their old members, Art Peers,
who has been transferred to Re-
gina by his employers the P.
Burns Co. Art has been very
popular with everyone while
here, and it was thought by
his numerous friends that they
would like to show in some
tangible way their apprecia-
tion.

The dance was in the nature
of a surprise for Art, who was
met at the train by a number of
his friends and then escorted to
his residence to get tidied up
and then to the dance hall.
Here a surprise awaited him.
On entering the hall he found
the old familiar signs of the
P. Burns Co. prominently
displayed as decorations, while
a crayon portrait of a typical
beef beast was also on view.
The hall rapidly filled and the
dance went merrily on until
the supper intermission.

A most tasty repast had been
arranged for the dancers at the
Dominion Cafe, and the tables
delightfully decorated with
Shamrock goods and Shamrock
trimmings—even the waiters
wore Shamrock neckties. In
all it was truly a Shamrock
banquet. At the conclusion of
the repast, Mr. A. D. Bierweg-
en addressed the guests.

The speaker, in phraseology and
words pompous and massive,
elucidated and otherwise en-
lightened his audience as to his
capability of juggling with the
Anglo-Saxon language, while at
the same time extolling alike
good qualities etc. of the P.
Burns chief product and the
Company's popular local rep-
resentative. It is worthy of note
that the speaker did not pass
without comment other bril-
liant lights in the Bachelor
Club orbit. At the conclusion
of his address the speaker
in well chosen words made pre-
sentations of a delightfully luscious
and appetizing repast to each
gift. Many longing eyes fol-
lowed the toothsome delicacies
as they were passed on a plate
down the table.

Mr. Peers responded briefly
and feelingly to the numerous
evidences of good-fellowship,
and also said that as he con-
sidered his new position offered
a larger opportunity he had
accepted it although it was
hard for him to break away from
the friendly ties he had
formed while here. Every
body then returned to the hall.
The merry time was concluded.

Use Improved Seed Grain

The use of better quality
seed grain by farmers through-
out the province this Spring is
being urged in order to main-
tain the high standard which
Alberta crops have established
in the past. Lack of care in
the selection of seed, with the
consequent lowering in the
quality of the crop produced,
will very soon reduce the de-
mand for Alberta wheats
on the markets of the world
and correspondingly lower the
prices received by the grower.

The remedy for this situation
largely in the hands of the
individual farmer. The man
who sows weed seeds with his
grain has himself to blame for
the lowered grading he will re-
ceive for his crop at the eleva-
tor and the dockage imposed.
Seed drill surveys conducted in
the province by the Dominion
Seed Branch indicate that the
average seed put into the
ground grades "rejected" ac-
cording to legal standards as to
the matter of weed seeds pre-
sent. The thorough use of the
fanning mill on all seed grain
will help the present and future
crops by checking the spread of
weeds which use valuable plant
food.

If a farmer is not in a po-
sition to purchase registered
seed, which can be secured from
the Provincial Seed Cleaning
Plant at Edmonton, he can at
least use a high quality of com-
mercial seed of one of the var-
ieties of recognized merit. Seed
of mixed varieties or of an in-
ferior milling wheat cannot
yield the product demanded by
the millers.

Alberta Has Budget Deficit

Edmonton, Feb. 24.—Financial
operations of the province
of Alberta for the year ending
December 31, 1927, resulted in
a deficit of \$215,980.33 as com-
pared with an estimated sur-
plus of \$25,178.89. The deficit
of the province in excess of es-
timated surplus amounted to
\$241,159.22. These figures were
given in the budget introduced
by Hon. R. G. Reid, provincial
treasurer, in the Legislature
this afternoon.

A surplus of 11,354.00 is es-
timated for the coming year.
Gasoline tax and auto licences
are expected to yield increased
revenue of approximately \$100,
000.

At 3 a.m., those present join-
ing hands and singing, "For
ho's a jolly good fellow."
Three cheers were then given
and so ended a most enjoyable
event.

Maintain the Quality of Alberta's Crop

BETTER SEED means

Better Yields Better Grades Better Prices

A special committee appointed by the Minister of Agriculture,
with the co-operation of numerous organizations in the province,
is urging the use this Spring by farmers throughout the province of

high quality, clean, treated, seed grain
in order to reduce the heavy annual losses sustained by
sowing inferior seed.

Farmers can co-operate by—
1. Using registered seed wherever available. 2. Using at least
high quality commercial seed. 3. Having seed tested for germi-
nation and purity. 4. Treating seed for smut. 5. Thoroughly
cleaning all grain intended for seed. 6. Peeling out only vari-
eties of recognized quality and varieties suitable to the district.

Good seed will be in demand this spring. Secure your requirements early
—before the supply is exhausted.

U.F.A. Local, Boards of Trade, The Wheat Pool, Banks, Commercial
Grain Firms, the Press, and many other organizations are working in co-
operation with a

Better Seed Committee

consisting of representatives of the Provincial Department of Agriculture,
the Dominion Seed Branch, the Canadian Seed Growers' Association, the
Alberta Seed Growers' Association, the C.P.R. Agriculture Department,
and the University of Alberta.

D. A. McCannel, Provincial Publicity Commissioner, Edmonton,
Secretary.

Golf Meeting

A meeting of the Empress
Golf Club will be held in the
rotunda of the hotel on Mon-
day evening, March 5. All in-
terested are requested to at-
tend. Time of meeting, 7:30
p.m.

Auto Production

Automobile statistics for 1927
from the Dominion Bureau of
Statistics, Ottawa, show that our
automobile bill for 1927 was \$49,
a far more than in 1926. Be-
cause of price reductions accom-
panied by all makes of cars during 1927
we would expect it to be less.
But the extra cost that had to
be met by the public amounted
to \$7,752,780. This increase in
our automobile expense account
was due to the fact caused by the con-
tinued production of our greatest leg-
itimate automobile producing unit,
the Ford Motor Company of
Canada, Limited, which since
June 1927 has been only pro-
ducing service parts.

Quantities produced in May
1927 for the Dominion by all
companies reached the highest
monthly output of all time and
it also marked the last month of
a production by the Ford
Plant before the shutdown that
warded the advent of the new car.

The part re-acted by a
company in the furthering of
economical motor car transpor-
tation is best illustrated by
comparing figures for active
production during 1928, when
out of a total of 204,727 units
produced in Canada the Ford
Motor Company of Canada was
responsible for 100,014. With
the economic benefits of mass
production and standardization
out of the kind for 1927 it was
inevitable that motor car costs
would be decreased.

Now that production of Mod-
el A is again under way at
Ford, Ontario, and assembling
will soon be carried out at
branches at Montreal, Toronto
and Winnipeg the benefits of
mass production will again be

American Farmers Look To Western Canada

W. E. Black, Canadian Govt.
agent at Fargo, North Dakota,
in a letter to the Publicity
Branch of the Alberta Govern-
ment states that there is a pro-
spect of a very considerable
movement of settlers from his
territory to Western Canada
during the coming Spring and
Summer. All the Western
Provinces are receiving their
share of attention at this time,
states Dr. Black, and more in-
quiries are being received about
farming opportunities in Al-
berta than for many years.

Many Homesteads Taken During Past Year

Entry was made for 2,145
homesteads and 184 soldier
grants in Alberta in the fiscal
year 1926-27 and in the same
period patents were issued for
2,387 homesteads and land
grants. In all of Western
Canada entry was made for
5,700 homesteads and 468 sol-
dier grants and patents were is-
sued for a total of 5,543 home-
steads and land grants.

For movie goats: Keep your
eyes open and your mouth
shut.

Remember the Printer. How
about your subscription? Send
for Clubbing Offers with news-
papers and magazines.

passed on to the automobile
buying public during 1928. An-
nouncement of sweeping price
reductions have just recently
been made by almost all com-
panies. No doubt this will add
considerably in making 1928
the greatest year in automotive
history both from a production
standpoint and a quality stand-
point. It will be a case of more
car for less money, and at the
present moment it is being well
carried out.

M. 3194

Dentistry that Satisfies

Good Teeth mean good health.
Consultation free.

Appointments saved for pa-
tients out of city.

Dr. W. H. KENNEDY

2 McNeill Block, 232 8th Ave. E.

CALGARY

PRICES M. 3194 RIGHT

Men's Heavy Khaki

Work Shirts

Large and roomy. Only a few
left. Regular 1.50 for

\$1.25

Other Classes of Work Shirts
ranging in quality and price
from 1.50 to 2.00. You will be
pleased if you will make your
selection from these goods

Spring Work

Boots

All styles, sizes and best qual-
ity at good prices. You cannot
go wrong on these. Make your
selections

"SANDY"

The Jeweler and Clock-
"You ought to be in Sandy's
Shoes."



Change

in

Train Service

Burstall Subdivision

EFFECTIVE

February 1, 1928

For full particulars ask the
TICKET AGENT:
C. R. MOORE

A Supply Of

New Phonograph Records

will be in Friday night,
Our Spring Supply of
House, Barn, Wall
and Floor
PAINT
is now in, with a

Reduction in Price

Call and let us figure on your
Paint bill.

The L. TUCKER

HARDWARE

Service with a Smile

One Result Of The Immense Tourist Traffic In Canada Is A Revival Of Home Industries

One extraordinary result of the immense tourist traffic in Canada is the revival of home industries which in some cases have not been practised to any great extent for many years. Thus along the St. Lawrence River, in Quebec, in Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and New Brunswick, rug-making is again flourishing. The visitors to Canada naturally desire to take home with them something of unique design or individual charm which cannot be obtained at home. They desire also something which has an attachment to and is representative of the country they have toured. Rugs especially are much appreciated, and in stores of homes a table runner is executing the designs of 50 or 100 years ago while there is a great revival in the creation of new and artistic patterns representative of the country and atmosphere in which the article lives.

The age of machine production has meant a sacrifice of individuality and for certain purposes the home-made article, rough though it may be, is preferred to the regularity of design and the precision of the machine made counterpart. While home handicraft is slowly to flourish throughout Canada, says the Department of the Interior, through its Natural Resources Intelligence Service, it is believed that the hand-made article will suffer because the home-fabricated article will be sold to a customer who would not buy a factory-made article. Many cases tourist carry away with them things which they had no intention of having but which have caught their fancy and are bought on the spur of the moment.

There are lacunae in Nova Scotia which in small villages as much as 2,000 are visited last summer from the sale of home-woven rugs. Everywhere the visitor has travelled along the St. Lawrence Valley has seen the production of the work of the French-Canadian housewife and her family. Along sections of the road from Montreal to Quebec, however, the rugs, hempen blankets and scarves are hung over almost every bushstand in midsummer. In Prince Edward Island there has been a pronounced revival of home handicraft work in which the Women's Institutes have engaged by organizing the work for the benefit of the women country-folk.

In one section of the island woven rug work is a particular industry. In parts of Nova Scotia, the art of spinning from flax is as much alive as it was a century ago. In some instances flax is grown, spun and woven into linen sheets or towelling or rugs without leaving the farm.

In wool, whether it is the habitat of Quebec, the Acadia of Nova Scotia or the Scotch of Cape Breton Island, there is an equal facility in taking the fleece from the sheep and putting it on the man's back and into rugs. Incidentally it may be remarked that many of the dyers and weavers in rug manufacture are women and that the industry is an old one. In the case of the Scotch, the woolen skins, berries and barks are among the ready sources of color matter and it is said that the brew concocted by steeping the skins of onions imparts a delicate rose coloring to the material which is dyed with it.

The spinning wheels in use in Canada are of many patterns and they are to be found from coast to coast, in styles originating in the highlands of Scotland, in England, in Brittany and even in Czechoslovakia. A MacLeod, near Dundee, in Cape Breton, has been weaving all his life and his homespuns would pass for Harris tweed, except as someone has remarked, for the absence of the smell, which reminds one of that in Alberta, the Hebridean crofters of the Clan Donald colony and other parts of the province, have recently launched into the weaving of Harris homespun. It is anticipated that hand looms will be in considerable use in the future, and that the industry, which was encouraged through the setting up of a carding mill by the Scottish Immigrant Aid Society, will be beneficial in raising contentment for the new comers on the land as well as adding substantially to their revenue. In Saskatchewan and Manitoba the spinning wheel is no stranger in many homes and the Menominee and Doukhobors have their particular variety of the ancient instrument.

Canada has a wide variety of home handicrafts and there are many articles of home manufacture appealing to the tourist. Even the work of the Eskimo in the far north has been commercialized to some slight extent and the ethnographic carvings carved from the ivory tusks of the walrus are highly

prized because of their rarity and exquisite workmanship with their embellishments in the way of engravings of animals and fish. The Indian work in basketry and birch bark, in beaded moccasins, gloves and mittens, is well known to all. Indian women have even made rugs too and in an exhibit of "native provinces" handicraft at Springfield, Massachusetts, recently there was shown a rug made by a Micmac Indian woman, 102 years of age.

Of the home handicrafts practised in the arts of spinning and weaving are the most widespread. Especially is this true of rural Quebec, where, according to W. H. J. Tisdale, manager of the Canadian Co-Operative Wool Growers, not more than 500,000 pounds of a total wool clip of 4,000,000 pounds ever finds its way into commercial channels. The remainder is spun at home and woven into cloth in local community mills. However there are many other outlets than weaving for those who would profit from the trade opportunities brought to their doors through the ever-increasing flow of tourists to Canada. At present in Quebec, Montreal, under the auspices of the Canadian Handicraft Guild, hundreds of articles of home workmanship were exhibited from all parts of Canada, ranging from household furnishings to bric-a-brac. From British Columbia and Ontario there was unglazed pottery in rich colors and graceful lines. A lamp featuring a totem pole had been sent in from British Columbia, while there were rugs, tapestries and batik from all over Canada, but especially from the eastern provinces.

Home industries appeal especially to rural residents. To those who have an inclination for such work conditions are now decidedly favorable to the marketing of their products either by direct contact with the tourist or through the art and novelty shops which are springing up throughout the Dominion. Besides the revenue to be derived from such activities there is a great deal of satisfaction in the exhibit from the sale of their wares. Home handicrafts are a constant reminder of Canada.

Good Word For The Eagle
Benjamin Franklin called the eagle a "pious and a patriotic bird," but Dr. Francis W. Herrick, of Western Reserve University, doesn't agree with him. Dr. Herrick has been studying eagles for several years. From a tree-top perch along the shores of Lake Erie he has passed countless hours observing a family of birds that makes its home in the fork of an oak, and he says his observations so far do not support popular beliefs on the eagle's character.

These particular birds, protected by state and country, do not rob farmers of livestock. Dr. Herrick reports that they do kill rats and other vermin. Fish is a favorite item on their bill of fare.

To this scientist who knows them so well, the eagles have vivid personalities and in their cries he can read curiosity, fear, parental affection and other expressions of emotion. Dr. Herrick's studies have disclosed that four weeks are required for the incubation of the eagle egg. He estimates that an adult bird can fly 600 miles a day.

Saskatchewan China Clay
Saskatchewan deposits of china clay at East End are being developed, according to the Hon. A. P. McNab. The clay has proven ideal for the manufacture of china. It is shipped to Medicine Hat for manufacture. At Edmonton and Moose Jaw plants for manufacture of floor tile is under development.

Cheer up, it's just a few weeks between today and slush, dandelions and baseball news.

Piles that hold the Woolworth Tower in New York are sunk 110 feet into the ground.

Snow-bow badness is far more contagious than profanity.

Apple Orchards In North

Fruit Successfully Grown Near Highest Peak In Canadian Rockies
Apple orchards west of "North of Fifty-three" may be pool-pooled by many, but the raising of apples in such latitudes has been accomplished and British Columbia has the honor of having the most northerly orchards in the British Empire. It is not in the world.

These orchards are located in central British Columbia, along the line of the old Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, a district that recently demonstrated that it can raise alfalfa, clover and grain, despite the fact that the temperature sometimes goes down to 50 degrees below zero.

One of the most interesting achievements in apple growing is that of Edward Walsh, whose orchard is at LeGrand, North of McBride, less than 100 miles from Mount Robson, the highest peak in the Canadian Rockies. The elevation there is 2,570 feet. Last season Walsh shipped 50 boxes of apples from the hazy trees in his orchard.

Trade With Latin America

Possibilities Of Canada Extending Trade With Central and South America Are Favorable

In an effort to extend Canada trade with the Latin-American countries, the Department of Trade and Commerce has in view the possibility of inaugurating steamship services between the continent and Canada. A Canadian Trade Commissioner's office will be established at Lima, with jurisdiction over Peru, Bolivia, Ecuador, and the Department will furnish the newspapers of South and Central America with a constant stream of news from Canada. These announcements were made by P. C. T. O'Hara, Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce, who last July completed a 14,000 mile trip through South and Central America, Mexico and Cuba.

Wheat Rust Problem

Varieties Of Wheat Possessing Rust Resistance Have Been Developed

Real progress has been made in the solution of the wheat rust problem of Western Canada. Dr. J. B. Harrington, of the University of Saskatchewan, told the Saskatchewan Agricultural Societies' Association Convention, at Regina, he said varieties of wheat possessing rust resistance to varying degrees have been produced by crossing. Again it has been found that the effects of rust can be completely reduced by treatment with chemicals, which is 500 times as effective as a fungicide than ordinary sulphur.

British Columbia Ship
British Columbia is making big efforts to increase the quality and quantity of sheep within her borders. During the past twelve months over 10,000 ewes have been brought in from Prairie points, mostly from the range areas in Southern Saskatchewan and Southern Alberta. Another 10,000 are expected before spring.

Alberta Oil Development
Oil operators in the Alberta field are formulating plans for the greatest year of development in the history of the industry in the province. All the companies plan intensive operations, the Imperial leading with a program calling for the drilling of at least ten wells.

For Better Hatching Results

Vitamins Feeds For Fertility and Hatchability Of Eggs

In view of the fact that spring hatching of eggs has been somewhat poor throughout Canada during recent years, experiments have been conducted at the Central Farm at Ottawa, and at most of the branch farms, in order to find out if better hatching results may be obtained by supplying certain mineral and vitamin feeds. The experiments have not been continued long enough to allow of definite conclusions being drawn, but results from six branch farms indicate that both fertility and hatchability are increased by the feeding of vitamins feeds to breeding poultry. In every case but one the feeding of crude cod-liver oil gave a higher percentage of fertility than where it was not given. In all cases but two, birds receiving raw liver also gave a greater percentage of fertility than those receiving only the liquid ration, and the feeding of bone meal also gave noticeably favorable results. All this applied to a greater extent with regard to hatchability as indicated by percentage of fertile eggs hatched. At the same time, in considering the mortality of chicks to three weeks of age, there was no advantage for those from the pens receiving vitamin feeds. The experiments are detailed in the latest report of the Dominion Poultry Husbandman, available at the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Decrease In Average Rainfall

Reason Given For Indian Weather Expert Seems Feasible

During the last half-century the world's average rainfall has, according to a recent report after which only one per cent. There has been considered due to outside influences such as variation in sunlight, but an Indian weather expert has put forward a suggestion for the decrease. He suggests that the lack of rain may be due to an oil film, less than a hundredth of an inch thick, spread on the surface of the ocean by ships that burn oil for fuel. Evaporation of ocean water is the chief source of rain and this oil film is sufficient to retard evaporation.

No Cause For Worry

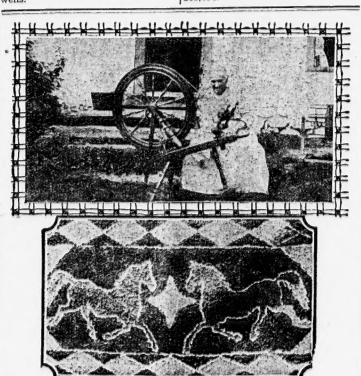
World Will Last Millions Of Years Says British Scientist
Sir Oliver Lodge, noted British scientist, in a lecture at London addressed to "stupid people, even in the present day, who take that great poem the first chapter of Genesis, and interpret it literally as if it were a statement of fact."

He predicted that the time will come when the earth will stop spinning and the moon crash down upon us.

"That," he added, "you need not be nervous—it will be millions and millions of years hence."

Exports Of Raw Wool

Exports of raw wool from Canada in the eleven months ended November, 1927, totaled 1,175,209 lbs., worth \$3,077,554, as against 4,760,448 lbs., worth \$12,510,482 in the previous corresponding period. Exports to the United Kingdom increased from 276 lbs., worth \$4,706, to 2,647,442 lbs., worth \$70,079,10, to the United States from 4,757,776 lbs., worth \$1,458,060, to 5,199,757 lbs., worth \$2,262,680.



Irresponsible Public Utterances Produce Conditions That Cause Nations To Drift Into War

Planting Plum Trees

Planting Should Be Done As Early As Possible In Spring

The best time to plant plum trees in the spring, and the planting should be done as early as possible. The process of planting is described in detail in a bulletin on "Plum Culture," which may be obtained from the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa. It is particularly stressed, that great care should be taken to prevent the roots of the young trees from becoming dry before planting for if this happens the trees are almost sure to die. As a rule it is necessary to make the hole somewhat larger than will accommodate the roots spread out to their full extent. It should be made about 18 inches deep, after which the subsoil should be loosened a few inches more, but not removed. In digging the hole, the surface soil should be kept separate from the subsoil or that of poorer quality. The roots should be well covered because if they become exposed the tree may die. Broken or bruised roots should be cut off before planting. After the tree is placed upright and the roots spread out the surface soil should be worked in among them, by hand, if necessary, as it is important to have the soil close in close contact with the root fibres. When the roots are well covered and the hole is about half full it should be well rammed after which the hole should be filled level with the surface continuing the tramping while it is being filled. The surface of the soil should be left loose.

It seems rather hopeless sometimes to hold fast to the idea of good will and good sense in this world can make headway against some sort of madness which seems to flourish in it. We are not very sure, to take the latest instance in the news, that Senator Borah can do very much by his protest against what he calls the "sheer madness" of those American radical elements who have lately been beating the patriotic trombones of the United States in behalf of a big, bigger and biggest war. But the senator is right in his description of this business, and he is right to do what he can to prevent it. And if it is everybody's duty to be a senator—unless they are mad, too, and no matter how hopeless it seems to support the sane and sane people man who is trying to keep his head amid the senseless rumors of war which now agitate our world.

Senator Borah, a Plunkett has been telling the National Republican Club in New York City that the United States is nearer to war than ever it was in that of the American Republic. It is inevitable because "war is the penalty of commercial and industrial efficiency," he says the radical efficiency of the United States is the cause of the war, the greatest war in the world in the shortest possible time. And he is backed up by his senior officer, Admiral Lord Jellicoe, who says that it is to build a billion-dollar navy.

Senator Borah is not too sympathetic to the idea of war, but he is better calculated to bring about war between two great nations than competitive naval-building policies, coupled with industrial efficiency of the rear armaments, that war is inevitable.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

These statements," says Senator Borah, "put out by naval officers, and notice to all the world, and particularly Great Britain, to get ready for war. They are being so interpreted through the world."

Senator Borah is quite right. There is no place in all the world where such a statement could be made with more irreparable or more mischievous. It would be bad enough if that "commercial and industrial efficiency" he speaks of as the cause of this country were in any danger of serious challenge in any quarter. But that is obvious to the world since the Great War is that the United States has enjoyed the greatest economic expansion and commercial prosperity in its history. In brief, there is nothing the United States has any real use for that it could gain by war. There is nothing it could not gain much easier by peace. War takes in the United States is indeed "sheer madness."

Nevertheless, and this is very relevant to the question of madness, we think Senator Borah is wrong when he says: "All this is part of a well-orchestrated plan to bring about a world war." It is a plan to bring about a world war. The fact is that nations drift into war. And they drift into war, not knowing why or how, on a current of idle talk and windy rumor, which might never have been anything at all, if it had been damned — and damned as it should be, at its source.—Vancouver Province.

Heavy Crop In B.C.

Estimated Value Of Honey Production In 1927 Placed At \$21,078

The estimated value of the honey crop of British Columbia in 1927 is \$21,078, and the estimated value of beeswax produced \$5,000. The capital value of the honey crop in the province was placed at \$25 each at \$25 each the Olanagan, Shuswap and Thompson valleys lead the seven districts in which British Columbia is divided for apiculture purposes, with a production of 41,916 pounds of honey from 4,727 colonies of bees—an average of 8.6 lbs. per hive.

Fisheries In Lead

Canada's fisheries carried on in the waters of two oceans, the Atlantic and the Pacific, and upon a system of great lakes and inland waters stand in both quantity and value among the leading fisheries of the world.

"Are you still engaged to that money snail girl?"

"Good for you old man. How did you get on?"

Vaccination And Smallpox

Vaccination Is Only Sure Method Of Combating Dread Disease

Vaccination is completely harmless. This is a point around which controversy—where there is controversy—usually ranges.

During the war, the matter was abundantly proved by army records. There were over 400,000 men in the Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Every one of these men was vaccinated. They were vaccinated under all sorts of conditions and absolutely accurate records of the results were kept.

Not only was there not one death but there was also not a single disability of vaccination. Both Surgeon General Petherington and Col. J. A. Amoyt who was in charge of sanitation among the Canadian troops, have endorsed the records and issued statements.

Col. Amoyt noted that there had not been during the entire period of the war, any epidemic of smallpox among Canadian troops, even though they were in army areas where smallpox was prevalent and men of the Indian soldiers were in direct contact with smallpox cases. In comparison with this, there are the records of the British Army, where vaccination was not practised and where the losses from smallpox was heavy.

These records showing the harmlessness of vaccination are supported by similar reports from the medical chiefs of the American forces.

One of the greatest examples of the use of vaccination is the report of the work in the Philippine Islands. Dr. Victor G. Heiser, of the Rockefeller Foundation, who was in the Philippines at the head of it, described it in detail in a letter to Dr. Gordon Bates of the Canadian Social Hygiene Council.

In the past, the Philippines had been ravaged by smallpox. The death rate each year had been in the neighborhood of 40,000 and at times had exceeded this. When the Islands were occupied by the American forces, vaccination was carried out on a wholesale scale.

Ten million persons were vaccinated. Dr. Heiser says, without loss of life or limb. The complete harmlessness of the operation had never before been demonstrated on such a scale.

The results as far as the death rate was concerned, were immediate. It dropped from thousands to a few hundred. Almost all these deaths, moreover, were among the unvaccinated and chiefly in sections of the islands which were too distant to reach with vaccination. There were also a number of deaths among unvaccinated foreigners.

Dr. Heiser told of one or two incidents which should be noted. Among the victims of the disease were several opponents of vaccination who had been vaccinated but who insisted on coming to the Philippines.

On one vessel coming from the Amie, can contain, there were several unvaccinated persons, all on different sections of the steamer and in no direct contact with each other, what ever.

On route, one of them contracted the disease. Before the end of the voyage, the other two were also victims. The Philippine situation now completely demonstrates that vaccination is both harmless and effective but it adds additional evidence to the previous records dealing with the highly contagious nature of smallpox and the swift and stealthy way in which it spreads.

It is necessary to remember that no section of the population views the announcement of a new advance in the field of medical science with more scepticism than the members of the medical profession itself. The simple statement that a treatment is superior to any such results when applied to any given disease, means nothing.

It must be backed up by cold and exactly calculated statistics. The results must be checked and re-checked several times and verified by men of unimpaired reputation, before they will be accepted even by a minority of doctors and physicians.

Vaccination has been undergoing a searching test for more than a century. Each successive report only goes to strengthen previous conclusion. At present, the volume of evidence in support of it is utterly complete. The method used today is developed from the original discovery of Edward Jenner, the English physician. The faults in his methods were technical faults and they have long ago been remedied.

No doctor will say that vaccination is infallible. A successful vaccination, however, will, beyond the shadow of a doubt, furnish complete protection

for five to seven years. There are the records of case after case to show that an individual who has been vaccinated at any time in his life, is practically safe, decades later, from the most virulent type. If he does contract smallpox in old age, at a time, moreover, when his resistance is weakened, the disease is mild and he soon recovers.

It is against the child, however, that smallpox seems to direct its chief attack and for the child, vaccination offers absolute immunity. It is perhaps, the best system to have children vaccinated in infancy and then again, a few years later when they are of school age. Two vaccinations usually protect an individual for the whole of a lifetime and render an attack of smallpox impossible.

It is to be hoped that, in future, there will not be a repetition of Canada of situations in the past when it has required sickness and death—has unnecessarily cost many valuable lives—to drive home the fact that vaccination does what science has proved that it will do.

Needs Additional Weight

Before Searching For Prey Alligator Swallows Large Stone

The Indians on the banks of the Orinoco assert that previously to an alligator going in search of prey, it always swallows a large stone, that it may acquire additional weight to aid it in diving and dragging its victims under water. A traveller being somewhat incredulous on this point, to convince himself shot several with his rifle, and in all of them were found stones varying in weight according to the size of the animal. The largest killed was about seventeen feet in length, and had within him a stone weighing about sixty or seventy pounds.

Canada's Newspaper Record

Dominion Again Leads Production On North American Continent Canada was responsible for more than half the newspaper production on the continent of 40,000 and at times had exceeded this. When the Islands were occupied by the American forces, vaccination was carried out on a wholesale scale.

The last two years, 1925-27, have produced records for Canada, the production of the respective years being 1,852,000 and 2,037,000 against 1,650,000 and 1,455,000 during the same periods in the United States.

First Alderman: "How was the banquet last night?" Second man: "Very quiet. They had neither soup nor after-dinner speakers."

Marco Polo, ancient Venetian traveller, gave China the name "Cathay."

Empire Shopping Week

April 21 To 28 To Be Observed Throughout Canada For Good Cause

With the approval of Hon. James Macleod, Minister of Trade and Commerce, and the support of a large number of important organizations, the Empire Shopping Week has been proclaimed from April 21 to 28 observed throughout Canada as "Empire Shopping Week." That is right. In Great Britain the Empire Shopping Week has been organized by the Government has been formed to spread knowledge of the variety of raw materials and manufactured goods produced in British countries and to endeavor to increase trade between those countries. In Great Britain and other parts of the Empire shopping weeks have been held and, it is stated, have had good results.

The underlying principle on which Empire Shopping Week will be observed, it is explained, is the same as that of the activities of the Empire Marketing Board. The idea is that consumers in the country in which Empire Week is celebrated should in their buying give preference first to goods produced or manufactured in their own land and then to goods produced or made in other parts of the Empire. With this idea, Canadians cannot quarrel, especially Canadians who desire to maintain and enlarge this Dominion's commercial relations with the rest of the Empire.

Empire Shopping Week will serve several useful purposes. It will show Canadians the variety, the quality and the prices of the merchandise in the variety of their own country can provide. It will show Canadians the variety, the quality and the prices of the merchandise in the variety of their own country can provide. It will show Canadians the variety, the quality and the prices of the merchandise in the variety of their own country can provide.

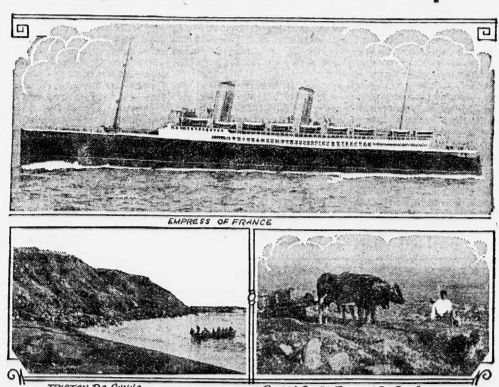
Puzzled Sports Editor The editor of the wire page was on his vacation, and the sporting editor jumped into the breach. "Well, what do you think of this?" he asked, as he held up a performed comic.

More than 54 per cent. of Nebraska farm lands are operated by the owners. The last two years, 1925-27, have produced records for Canada, the production of the respective years being 1,852,000 and 2,037,000 against 1,650,000 and 1,455,000 during the same periods in the United States.

Dogs are one of the animals known to keep their wits in case of a fire outbreak.

More than 54 per cent. of Nebraska farm lands are operated by the owners. The last two years, 1925-27, have produced records for Canada, the production of the respective years being 1,852,000 and 2,037,000 against 1,650,000 and 1,455,000 during the same periods in the United States.

Empire's Smallest Island Asks for Help



From King George and Queen Mary, down to the lowest of their subjects throughout the Empire, interest has been excited in the distant and isolated island of Tristan da Cunha in the south Atlantic by the voyage of the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of France on its first African-Australian cruise in the course of which the vessel will touch at the island. Hardly any ship in a twelve-month compass anywhere near the island and the advent of one which carries with it every article of modern luxury is an event which will certainly be unique.

The 140 inhabitants of Tristan da Cunha have never been in store since presents have poured in to the office of the I.O.D.E. for them. These include timber and nails which are being sent

on the recommendation of Captain S. Vint, old-line mariner who lives in Montreal and who recalls days when he sailed near the island and the inhabitants put off in boats and begged for food and other necessities. Other gifts are books, magazines, clothing, gramophones and records and particularly a powerful radio set which will keep them in contact with the outside world.

No ships can dock at the island and the Empress on her passage across the 3,773 miles of ocean that separates Buenos Ayres and Cape Town will stop about half way with her in sight of the island and will deliver its inhabitants the gifts of the outside world. This will be done about the last week in February.

A Mixed Farming Rotation

Rotation Practised At Lacombe Has Been Found Profitable

Wheat is of course the most extensively grown and profitable crop of Central Alberta. It is grown exclusively, however, it will result in the depletion of the soil's fertility and the prevalence of weeds and plant diseases. This is where the value of a suitable crop rotation comes in, but the rotation to use varies considerably with local conditions. The Experimental Station at Lacombe, Alberta, has been testing different rotations for many years and the results of the tests are given in detail in the latest report of the superintendent. Of these, the one known as rotation "C" has proved the most profitable under conditions prevailing in most parts of Central Alberta. It is a mixed farming rotation covering seven years in the following order: Intertilled crop, wheat, oats, summerfallow, wheat, hay. One of its strong points is that practically one-third of the land is left fallow following summer-fallow or a hood crop, which insures good yields of wheat making the rotation profitable. The yields in hay tend to maintain the humus and fibre of the soil, while the application of manure for the hood crop improves the general fertility. The hood crop and summerfallow keep the land reasonably clean. This rotation produced, at the Lacombe station, an average profit per acre of \$17.64 in 1926, and an average of \$10.27 during the last 13 years.

The Modern Writing Pen

Earliest Reference Ever Found Is Dated 636

Quills are supposed to have been used for writing-pens in the fifth century, though the conjecture rests mainly on an anecdote of Theophrastus, King of the Otago, who, being illiterate that he could not write even the initials of his own name, was provided with a plate of gold through which the letters were cut, and this being placed on the paper when his signature was required, he traced the letters with a quill. The date of the earliest certain account of the modern writing-pen is 636. The next notice occurs in the letter part of the same century, in a Latin sonnet to a pen by Althelm, a Saxon author. Steel pens were first made by Wise, in England, in 1805.

Weighty Wedding Feast

Wedding cake is for weight, according to guests at a marriage celebration at Schotten, in Hesse, Germany, recently. They were weighed before and after the feast, which included the cake and found that one man had gained five pounds, and several others three pounds each. The total increase in weight of the guests was 10 pounds.

Keeping Cut Flowers Fresh

Fresh Water Theory Is Not Always Correct Way

Most people, especially at this season of the year, when flowers are so scarce, like to make their posies last as long as possible, says a writer in a London paper. Many are the ways of prolonging the life and freshness of the contents of the flower bowl—and little tricks that the florist knows, and the housekeeper has forgotten or never knew. Here are a few of them to remind the unwary.

Give each bowl or vase fresh water every day. Many persons insist on the water being changed completely, but this fresh water theory is not always correct. Some flowers respond to such as roses, tulips, daffodils, and narcissus, because they thrive best in very cold water. Shrubby plants and chrysanthemums especially last longer when their receptacles are kept filled up every day without being emptied first.

When all sorts of flowers are put in a single receptacle—and many people have an old-fashioned pony arrangement—watch them carefully, for often one variety proves harmful to another. Rose for instance are best kept by themselves. Violets should always live quite apart from other flowers, and the early narcissus last longer when each variety is separately housed.

A little salt in the water is beneficial to roses, violets, and tulips. Tulips do not expand so quickly and drop their petals if they are left in a cool place for the night.

An aspirin tablet in the water will keep drooping blossoms quickly, almost magically, but they will recover only for a very short time. Charcoal in the water tends to keep cut flowers fresher longer to act, but have more permanent effects. A very small quantity of either should be used, and a jug of water. Let the fading flowers stand in this for four or five hours in a cool place, then rearrange them in their vases.

A Queer Scottish Saying

"Whipin' The Cat" Referred To Visit Of Talor

The reader is not to suppose that "Whipin' the Cat" has any reference to disciplinary measures as applied to the family pet. It refers to a well-known Scottish custom which is rapidly becoming a thing of the past says Geo. Hiddell, in an article in the Aberdeen Journal.

Before the advent of the new indispensable sewing machine, every village or country district had its tailor, who, in addition to taking in work at home, went wherever his services were required, and plied his trade at the houses of his customers. This compulsory law was called "Whipin' the Cat."

How the phrase came to be applied it is impossible to decide. Various explanations have been attempted, but they are too puerile for any one who is not a member of a folklore society.

When working at farmhouse the tailor took his food along with the goods, and this and a shilling a day was for long the usual scale of remuneration in certain parts of Aberdeenshire.

Herman Trelle Scores Again

Swaps the Boards At Annual Seed Fair At Calgary

Herman Trelle, of Wembley, Peace River, Alberta, born at Kendrick, Idaho, winner of the wheat and oats championship at the International Grain and Hay Show, Chicago, in 1925, and also winner of the oats championship and first prize for wheat at Chicago in 1927, recently swept the boards at the annual provincial seed fair at Calgary. He won first prize in every class he entered and the grand championship for wheat.

Mr. Trelle began farming at Wembley in 1922 on a virgin homestead land. His now owns 800 acres.

Land Settlement In Canada At a meeting in London of the Hudson's Bay Overseas Settlement Company, Sir George McLaren Brown, general manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, was elected a member of the board of directors. The Hudson's Bay, Canadian Pacific and the Canadian Overseas Settlement Company will thereby be brought into one association for the promotion of land settlement in Canada.

Importance Of Our Water-Power Canada's water-power resources are one of her most striking and important natural assets. Their nature, extent, and location combine to give them a special value in relation to the rapid growth of industry and population. Water-power is available in every province, and it is not too much to say that, apart from the human factor, it is the most vital force in the development of our industrial resources.

Shows increased Production

Buying Power Of The Canadian People Has Been Greatly Enhanced

The increased buying power of the Canadian people and the surplus funds in their possession for investment in the last few years is accounted for by the increased production of the Dominion; substantial increments having been recorded since 1923, and a new record made, according to estimates, in 1927. This value of gross production in Canada in 1923 was \$4,944,000,000; in 1924, it was \$5,263,000,000; in 1925, \$5,269,000,000; in 1926, \$5,656,241,624, and in 1927, according to the estimate of the "Financial Post," \$5,755,796,700. Production in 1927 exceeded that of 1926 by approximately \$100,000,000, and that of 1923, by \$869,000,000. Agriculture accounted for \$1,960,887,100; forestry, \$188,405,000; fisheries, \$35,291,000; transportation, \$16,788,000; mining, \$262,700,000; electric power, \$108,195,000; construction, \$380,000,000; and manufactures, \$2,760,700,000.

Praise For Printers

Men In The Profession Make Ideal Friends

"No man who has worked around a print shop can help from having a warm liking for printers. It has occurred to me later in life how few people know printers. They were always closer to me than my brethren in the editorial rooms. If I got stuck on a bit of grammar, ran out of tobacco or found my pocket hold out until pay day, I went to printer friends and they never disappointed. Whenever you find a first rate printer, you will find a philosopher. His self-education is often superior to that acquired in the average college. He is frequently a cynic, but underneath it all he's as soft as putty, and to me was always good for at least a dollar's worth if he had it. I corresponded with a printer for years, perhaps twenty different printers around the country. They all tell me my stuff is rotten and they never read it—but if a stranger told them that he would likely get a good cushion. I might add that in all my experiences I never met a dishonest printer, and most of them I know in the relating days when they drank like fish."

Canada Over Threshold Prosperity

Trend Of Business For Year 1928 Will Be Upward

"Canada is today no longer standing on the threshold of opportunity. She has stepped across that threshold and is proceeding swiftly along the corridors of tremendous economic development. Her progress is already attracting the attention of the rest of the world," says Creighton Hill, of the Babson Statistical Organization, in an address given recently in Ottawa.

Fundamental conditions in the Dominion indicate that general business in 1928 will exceed that of 1927, and that the United States trend will be slightly downward, in Canada it is going to be upward. Canada is today in a position to maintain an independent prosperity through 1928," stated Mr. Hill.

Value Canadian Field Crops

Aggregate Value Of All Field Crops In Canada In 1927 Is Given

A recent compilation made by the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics places the aggregate value of all Canadian field crops in 1927 at \$1,124,000,000. In 1926 the value of field crops amounted to \$1,104,982,100. The total area producing the crops was 56,000,000 acres.

The average prices received in 1927 by growers at the point of production are estimated as follows: fall wheat, \$1.44; spring wheat, 96¢; oats, 51¢; barley, 55¢; potatoes, \$1.17 per cwt.; hay and clover, \$10.41 per ton.

If you undertake to watch a hypocrite give up other tasks.

"Understand, you must not talk while I am speaking."

"Then must I wait until you have gone to sleep?"—Pete Mele, Paris.



BRITAIN

CANADA

YOU can arrange for your relatives and friends this low ocean fare—greatly reduced rail rates, children under 12 carried FREE.

Look at once for the details of the British-Norwegian Scheme from any office or agent of the **CANADIAN SERVICE** and **Cunard** and **Anchor-Donaldson** LINES.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

A contract for construction of a grain elevator has been let by the New Westminster Harbor Commission. The cost of the elevator will be about \$500,000.

The establishment of a department for the promotion of peace and international understanding was announced by Miss Agnes MacPhail, Progressive, Southeast Grey.

Hon. C. A. Dunning, Minister of Railway, introduced in the House a bill to provide for the construction of a line of railway between Toronto and Burlington, Alberta.

Patrick Murphy, aged 41, was added to the list of victims in Winnipeg when he was found dead in a bed in a rooming house, as the result of drinking wood alcohol. He is the 13th victim within the past two months.

Sir Robert Borden was chosen president of the National Council of Canada, Institute of International Affairs, at the first annual meeting held in Ottawa, June 10.

Professor Johannes Fibiger, winner of the Nobel Prize for medicine in 1926, died recently at Copenhagen. Professor Fibiger was on the faculty of the University of Copenhagen, was awarded the prize for his work in cancer research.

The scope of the conference has been widened to include the world instead of the U.S. and two Latin-American republics. The treaties involved are those dealing with commercial aviation.

Admirals of many nationalities attended the funeral of Vicente Blazquez, noted Spanish author, who died at Mentone, France, in voluntary exile. A company of Alpine chamois—the famous blue devil—rendered military honors.

Krupps are Kept Busy

Makers of War Material Find Profit in Peace Time Products

In shifting from the manufacture of cannon and war materials to the making of such peaceful articles as false teeth, tractors, locomotives and motor cars, the Krupp Works at Essen, have made a paying change.

The annual Krupp report shows a net profit of 13,000,000 marked with a deficit for 1926 of 2,000,000 marks.

The Krupp Works, so recently famed throughout the world as purveyors of munitions of war and lately for the production of weapons in tremendous quantity, have accomplished readjustment to peaceful productivity with extraordinary rapidity.

Almost the same day and night activity prevails as in days before the world war, but today the workers are filling orders for railway locomotives, cars and parts for motor cars, harvesters, tractors, trawlers, trucks, registers, artificial teeth mounted on a platinum-like steel alloy and a hundred and one other such commodities of peace-time worth.

Special Kinds of Bricks

Standard bricks, white bricks, and cement blocks are made at many points in Canada, both in competition with ordinary clay bricks and pressed bricks, and also for use in localities where ordinary bricks are not available except at relatively high cost.

Some scientists think that the rings around the planet Saturn are composed of large masses of dust particles.

A false friend and your shadow as tend only when the sun shines.

Sore Back. Drive away the pain by massage with **MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT.**

To drive more tourists to Japan the railway department is constructing a large touring picture studio.

Approximately twenty-five million children are enrolled in the public schools of the United States.

Britain Is Following

Disarmament Plan

Have Decided To Abandon 10,000-Ton Vessels For the Present

The British Government, it was announced at London, has decided to go still further in its policy of naval disarmament indicated after the failure of the tri-partite conference.

The building program passed in 1925 provides for the laying down of one 10,000-ton cruiser and two 8,000-ton cruisers in each of the three years, 1927, 1928 and 1929. The *First Lord of the Admiralty*, Right Hon. W. C. Dillwyn, recently announced that it had been decided to abandon all the 10,000-ton vessels for the present and that one of the projected 8,000-ton ships might be carried over until 1928-29. Now it has been determined to abandon the latter vessel altogether.

The net result is that in the two years in question only three 8,000-ton vessels will be laid down, instead of four in this class, as originally proposed. Together with the elimination of the 10,000-ton ships, this will mean the saving of about £5,000,000 (\$27,500,000). It is understood that the program for destroyers and submarines will remain unchanged and that construction of nine destroyers and six submarines will be included in next year's program.

The National Disarmament Committee is presenting the plan illustrated above to the schools and Canada to commemorate the sixtieth Anniversary of Confederation. It is made of highly burnished copper, and is mounted on a mahogany frame.

New Western Radio Stations
Will Experiment With Transmission Of Radio Pictures

A radio broadcasting station, controlled from a studio in Winnipeg, will be erected this year just within the western boundaries of Saskatchewan, it is announced by D. P. R. Coats, of Moose Jaw. The station, Mr. Coats said, will be erected by a commercial company but under the regular concert features experiments will be conducted in transmission of radio pictures. He believes television by which the listener will be able to see as well as hear radio artists, will follow closely on the perfection of picture reception.

The Saskatchewan site, Mr. Coats explained, had been selected to overcome interference encountered by stations adjacent to it.

Will Be Novel Experiment
Port Alberni, B.C., Plans To Try Out Operation Of Municipal Coal Mine

A novel experiment in civic enterprise may be tried out at Port Alberni, B.C. now if plans for the operation of a municipal coal mine materialize.

It is believed that a large bed of coal lies under the city and the proposal has been made to diamond drill the property and ascertain the feasibility of the mine project. Should the drilling show that the coal is available at a reasonable depth, then the project could be operated at a profit by the city. It is believed, if the drilling shows the coal is at least two feet deep to be worked on a small scale, negotiations will be entered into with private company.

Canada's Winter Carnivals
February Is the Month Of Sport Carnivals In Canada

In Canada, February is presently the month of sport carnivals. Winter sport activities throughout the Dominion have reached their climax at this period of the season and competition to decide the supremacy in practically every line of recreation are held during this month. Skating, snowshoeing, tobogganing, sliding, curling, hockey, and other winter sports or other recreation which have been in full swing since November or December are at their height and both novices and the more experienced have reached such a state of proficiency that the carnival becomes a most thrilling and thrilling spectacle.

Artistic Graphic
Artistic graphic, an electric fun product, is made near Niagara Falls, Ontario.

How To Order Patterns
Address—Wholesale Pattern Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. also

Name

Town

Extending Hudson Power
During the year 1927 hydro-power equipment was installed in Canada ready for operation to the extent of more than 22,000 h.p. In addition other undertakings were advanced to such a stage that a further total of 378,000 h.p. will be in place during the first six or seven months of 1928, thus bringing the total by the middle of the year to more than 5,100,000 h.p.

Fort Churchill Harbor, on Hudson Bay, which has been selected by Frederick Philip, British expert, as the terminal of the Hudson Bay Railway, almost completely isolated, is one of the world's finest harbors. The natural breakwater and its protection to Churchill Harbor are shown by the photographs. Churchill Harbor was the historic destination of the "Company of Gentleman Adventurers Trading Into Hudson Bay."

For Canadian Schools



The National Disarmament Committee is presenting the plan illustrated above to the schools and Canada to commemorate the sixtieth Anniversary of Confederation. It is made of highly burnished copper, and is mounted on a mahogany frame.

Immigration To Canada
Substantial Increase Is Shown Over Previous Year

Immigration to Canada for the first nine months of the current fiscal year, ending December 31, 1927, totaled 128,928, an increase over the corresponding period of 1926 of 14,883, 13 per cent. Of the total of 128,928, the immigration of British, United States, French, Belgian, Swiss, Scandinavian, Dutch, or German origin amounted to 92,650.

In the nine months under review 53,722 Canadians returned to live in the Dominion from the United States where they had gone with the declaration of intention of residing there permanently.

Immigration during the month of December, 1927, totaled 13,048, of which 937 were British, 1,284 from the United States, and 2,245 from other countries.

For Canadian Naval Service
Ships Transferred From Royal Navy Will Be Renamed

The Department of National Defence announced the following: On the 1st February, H.M.S. Torbay and H.M.S. Vancouver were transferred from the Royal Navy to the Canadian navy service. Upon transfer, these two ships have been renamed H.M.C.S. Champlain and H.M.C.S. Vancouver.

There is at the present time in the Royal Navy, a destroyer named Vancouver, but the admiralty has agreed to change the name of this ship in order that the Canadian service may have the exclusive use of the name of the great naval explorer of the Canadian Pacific coast.

Attracted Auto Tourists
Nearly 8,000 Travelled Over Cariboo Highway Last Year

Nearly 8,000 automobiles traversed the Cariboo highway during the 1927 season, according to records of the Automobile Club of British Columbia. The highway was open to general tourist traffic for the first time last year.

The Cariboo highway follows the Fraser River into the historic gold country of Central British Columbia, and the lure of this romantic territory is expected to act as a nucleus for many more thousands of tourists this year, both from Canada and the United States.

William Shakespeare was christened on April 2, 1564, in the Warwickshire village of England.

HOW IT IS IN DENMARK

What That Country Has Accomplished Within Recent Years

It has been said of Hon. J. S. Martin, Ontario minister of agriculture, that he cannot address an audience without talking about Denmark. Try as he may he comes to it. Those who go to hear him wait expectantly for him to get going about the Danes.

And no wonder. No minister of agriculture in this province could be better employed than in telling our farmers what the Danes have done and how they have done it.

Mr. Madson-Mogdal, premier of Denmark, has been telling the world in print something of what his country has accomplished within recent years. Denmark has now more cows per hundred inhabitants than any country in the world; 64 against Holland's 16, Germany's 16, and England's 10. Denmark's pigs number 38 to Germany's 25, and Denmark's sheep 90 per cent. of Denmark's exports are products of animal origin.

Denmark has 200,000 tons of bacon, and 900,000,000 eggs come from a population of three and a half millions, only 30 per cent. of whom live by agriculture.

This prosperity is based on the fact that the farmers of Denmark became convinced of the folly of growing grain in competition with other countries better fitted for it, and they began to import feed-stuffs to produce butter, bacon and eggs. Denmark imports more cotton cake than any other country.

The prime minister also tells of the success that has attended the extending of co-operative credit and the close organization of farmers for purchases, manufacture and marketing, and technical education in the high schools. He says the farmers of Denmark do not ask protection in their home market for their products, because they are not afraid of competition. —Toronto Star.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

LEMON JUNKET BAYARAN
1 package lemon junket.
1 teaspoon powdered sugar.
1 cup chopped walnuts.
1 teaspoon almond extract.
1 pint milk.

Marshmallows.
Turn jelly or cherries.
Cut marshmallows in quarters with sharp knife. In bottom of dessert glass, place a layer of marshmallows. Whip cream, almond extract and sugar together until stiff, and spread walnuts. Warm milk and lemon juice are well done. Serve hot. The nuts and marshmallows will rise to the top. Let set until firm. Then chill. Top with bits of fruit jelly.

Scalloped Ham and Potatoes
Put a well-buttered pan flat sides of raw peeled potatoes, and a little water. Cover with a layer of sliced ham. Add another layer of potatoes and ham and pour on this cream, salt, pepper, sugar, and a little milk. Sprinkle each crumbs on top and bake in a moderate oven until brown. The potatoes are well done. Serve hot. Just enough ham can be used to give the desired flavor, which has the advantage of making a little ham go a long way. For picnics this can be baked at home in a heavy tin dish with a cover and reheated over hot water on a camp fire.

Breaks the Spell
The weak members of a certain tribe in India sometimes contract marriage with a tree. When a husband has lost two wives by death and wishes to marry a third he naturally fears that she too may die. So before the marriage he is led up to a healthy-looking tree and with it goes through the marriage ceremony. The tree is then cut down and mortared over, says T.H. Bits. The way is cleared for his marriage with the new wife and she is considered free from all evil influences.

Test-Run Of High Quality
"Coke" (bituminous) enjoys a well-earned reputation in the economic industry, being of high grade and of uniform petash content, analysis of samples from a number of quarries showing a petash content of about 12 per cent. of interest goes into 75.

If you invest your money and then reinvest your interest the principal will double itself in as many years as the rate of interest goes into 75.

An increase in life insurance means to most people with larger families and more cars. You can't fool the pedestrian.

A woman doesn't like to be bothered because she thinks she needs it.

Cuts-Burns

Violets healing anti-septic ingredients bring soothing relief. Apply gently.

VICKS VAPORUB
OVER 20 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

WHAT MAKES A NEWSPAPER

Cannot Be Successfully Run Without Help Of People

A mistaken idea with some people is that the newspaper is an individual proposition. If they don't like the editor, they feel they must knock the paper and stand in the way of its success whenever possible. They do not realize that the local paper is just as much a part of the community as the schools, churches or anything else. The newspaper is different from any other business. It is a community affair. It exists to serve the people more than to operate any business.

You may not like the editor and the editor may not like you any too well—but the paper is responsible for it. It can render it to you as the service rendered others. There is nothing personal with it; it is here for the people and that is its purpose. To do what good it can in every way it can and the greater the support of those it undertakes to serve the better service it can render. It takes the people to make a good newspaper and without the help of the people no one can run a successful newspaper. It requires a comfortable living and business—even the churches and the papers are no exception and for this reason they must have the financial support of the business interest as well as the good will.

Few newspaper publishers make more than a comfortable living and scarcely one is reported wealthy from money made in the newspaper business. They deserve to be trusted and to be understood by the people. It is the editor and not the plant that makes a newspaper useful in a community. It is necessary for a newspaper to be a credit to the town.

Receives Handsome Gift
Self-Made Millionaire Gives Year Income To University Of California

P. Giannini, born 47 years ago in a humble rooming house in San Jose, Calif., of poor Italian parents, has placed his 1927 income, \$1,500,000, at the disposal of the University of California.

Under the terms of the gift \$100,000 goes towards the establishment of the Giannini foundation of agricultural economics, and \$500,000 will be used for the erection of a building on the university campus in Berkeley, dedicated to ways and means of reforming and improving the economic condition of farmers, dairy and livestock men and fruit growers in California.

Cannot Make Public Speeches
It is not generally known that the Financial Secretary of the Treasury is not allowed to make public speeches. He is responsible for the preparation of a great part of the budget, and is, therefore, considered a confidential official. This tradition prevents the public from hearing the present Secretary, Mr. A. M. Samuel—an able speaker and a successful business man.

Exhausted From Asthma. Many who read these words know the terrible drain upon health and strength, which comes in the train of asthmatic troubles. Many do not realize, however, that there is one true remedy which will usually stop this distressing trouble. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is a wonderful check to this enervating ailment, and a complete relief to its sufferer. It is sold almost everywhere.

A scientist says that the next war will be fought with insects. It seems to be under the impression that war is a picnic.

Cork was first used for bottle stoppers between 1680 and 1715 by the monks of the Abbey of Haut Vaux, France.

Nellie Grant, daughter of President Grant, was christened in the White House in 1874.

For Coughs and Colds
A Pleasant Sip-Instant Relief
There is an effective way to please—only when that something is "Buckley's." Yet it acts like a charm in curing colds, coughs, and croup. It is a pleasant sip—guaranteed to be sold in a non-alcoholic preparation. 146 Mount St. Vincent St. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

BUCKLEY'S
Asks like a charm—Keeps you from coughing and crouping.

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests of Empire and District Subscription price \$2.00 per year in any part of Canada or Great Britain or \$2.50 to the United States

R. S. Sexton Proprietors A. Hankin

Thursday, Mar. 1, 1928

Watch for Masquerade date. Wayne Arthur arrived home on Wednesday evening.

Don't forget the Free Case Taster School, March 8 and 9.

On Sunday week, March 11th, there will be a special service of praise at the United Church. You will want to enjoy it and you will be welcome.

J. N. Anderson, returned from a trip to Calgary and Edmonton, Tuesday.

Quite a number of the young folk took in the masquerade dance, at Blindless, Friday, Feb. 24.

Johnnie Westburg, is getting his blacksmith shop prepared for the Spring activities and solicits the public patronage.

The regular meeting of the I.O.O.F., will be held at the home of Mrs. N. D. Storey, March 6, at 3:30 p.m.

If you would know more about Tractor Farming attend the J. I. Case school at Empress, March 8 and 9.

G. M. Mills was re-elected Councilor for the R.M. of Acadia, in the election on Saturday. Other vacant positions on the council board of the municipality were decided by acclamation.

For Sale

PIANO—excellent tone and condition. Apply, Empress Express.

Farm for Sale

I have Three Quarters of land (480 acres) one mile and a half south of Empress. All fenced, one quarter ready for crop. Good buildings, lots of water, good school within 10 minutes walk, also easy walk of churches. A real snap for \$10 an acre; good pasture next at hand to run milk cows. Will give terms—Apply, Geo. A. Shannon, box 44, Empress, Alta.

Estray

On the premises of Robert Arthur, Wg. No. 12-222-24. One brown gelding, eight about 1200 lbs., aged about 10 years, no visible brand.

DOMINION CAFE

BEST CLASS MEALS

Good Rooms

Full Stock, Cakes

Coffee, Cigars, Cigarettes

ICE CREAM & SUNDAES

Dance and after-theatre lunches

A Place of City Style.

DENTIST

Dr. DOWLER

Successor to Dr. Dunbar, is open for business in Empress

Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays

Offices: Royal Bank Building (Opposite Hotel)

Medical

Dr. A. K. McNeill

(Dr. D. N. MacChesnie)

Physician and Surgeon

Phone 14

Office - - - Centre Street

Coal & Wood, Contract Work or

GENERAL

DRAYING

Light or Heavy Work

Transfer to and from C.P.R.

Depot

Imperial Oil Agent

E. H. FOUNTAIN

Prompt attention given to all work

Phone No. 9

Mr. and Mrs. E. McGill, are visiting in Medicine Hat

Mrs. A. York and Mrs. H. Massingill were visitors at the ranch home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Ferguson, north of Estuary, on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva Ellis, were visiting here with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ellis, for a few days this week.

Can you lose a game and still smile? Would you rather lose than be unfair? "Good Sportsmanship" is the sermon subject at the United Church Sunday evening.

The monthly meeting of the Castle Combe W.M.S. will be held at the home of Mrs. John Rowles, on Sunday, March 11, at 2 o'clock. Gentlemen cordially invited.

Mr. Farmer - Paste these dates in your hat, March 8 and 9.

Mrs. J. McGhee, and young son, Thomas, are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Dawdy.

We were sorry to learn of the death last week, of Henry Smith, one of the early settlers in the Buffalo district.

Mr. Gravett, of Buffalo, was a visitor in town, Tuesday.

Quite a number of the young folk from Blindless, were at the dance on Tuesday night.

Advertising: And Its Uses

Why do we have to endure the advertisements which cover half the pages of daily newspapers and of weekly and monthly magazines?

Because advertising is an indispensable factor for the trade, the prosperity and the welfare of the people. Its educational mission is also far from negligible. It disseminates useful knowledge, corrects wrong methods, increases production, stimulates invention and saves the country from that fatal inertia which paralyzes nations and creates provincialisms.

The growth of western commerce is largely due to the quick realization of the solid advantage of publicity. Other countries, tied to routine, discovered too late that their slowness in this matter had cost them dearly. Although Great Britain is favorably situated for supplying world trade and has skilled workmen whose output is excellent, she has seen remunerative industries pass one by one into the control of the United States. Germany was more alert and in the pre-war period secured her share of foreign exchange as a process which she is now repeating.

It is tantalizing to have to hunt for the conclusion of a fascinating story or article in the last pages of a periodical and find it in a maze of illustrations and advertisements regarding tooth paste, fire extinguishers, disinfectants, and men's shirts and collars. But the initiative, the foresight, the artistry and the concise style of the best advertising have merits which many writers can well afford to emulate. Publicity will continue and it will also improve. It is one of the colossal enterprises created by the necessities of the modern age.

—Dr. Cudman in the Manitoba Free Press

"RITZY"

Starring, Betty Bronson. Story adapted from Elinor Glyn's novel. This is a good comedy feature.

One Reel Comedy: "QUIET PLEASE"

One Reel Scenic: "FIGURES FANCY"

Admission, 50c; School Children and Students, 25c Show commences at 8 p.m.

Next Week:

Tom Mix: "Outlaws of Red River"

Quebec, the Birthplace of Winter Sports in North America



Why should Winter, that severe and blustering season, yet be the perennial breeder of a hearty and tingling cheer? To avoid asking you another, you should be told that this rigorous season gives mankind the chance each year to reassert a strong faith in itself. The north wind may blow, and we may have snow, but that is no reason for despondency. It is, in fact, a supreme cause for rejoicing in later years. On the whole the character of winter sports has changed very little during these centuries. A new winter game is Indian golf, introduced by J. G. Strathdee, sports director at the Chateau Frontenac. In this game the player uses his arrows and targets instead of clubs, balls and holes. But the outstanding feature of Quebec's winter season comes in the week from Christmas to New Year's. In this period of continued play and infectious good spirits the snow-covered Plains of

Abraham, Battlefields Park and the Chateau Frontenac toboggan slide are the main carnival grounds. Thousands of visitors from the United States engage in the sports and in the old Norman observance of Christmas and the dawn of the new year. During the last week in February comes the annual International Dog-Sled Derby. This race of 120 miles, covered in fully 40 mile stages, attracts famous dog-mushers like the veteran Sepals and the young St. Godard who won last year's race. These men and their sleds have become North American symbols of winter sports and you!

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At-Star Cash Grocery

Stop, Look, Listen!

We lead in Grocery Prices. Quality and Service Guaranteed.

"WANTED"

Poultry Dressed, Dairy Butter and Eggs. Highest Market Prices Paid

Call on us for all kinds of Batteries always in stock

ANNOUNCEMENT

The World-Famous

Hartt-Parr Tractor

with its New Tremendous Power developed from low-grade fuels

The greatest Tractor Hartt-Parr has ever built, and the

Geo. White Separator

Can now be secured from your local machine agent,

S. SETRAN, Central Garage

Tractors priced from \$1150.00 up

Fulllest information cheerfully given.

We will take young, good class work horses, in part or full payment. If you are in the tractor market it will pay you to enquire.

Also agent for the full line of John Deere Farm Machinery

DON. McRAE GROCERY

Specials for One Week

Smith's Pure Plum, per tin	50
Puffed Raisins, 2 lbs.	25
Dollar Sodas, box	60
Ont. Beekist Honey, 5lb. pail	85
Evaporated Apples, reg. 70c for 4 pkges.	55
Sugar Crisp and Ivanhoe Corn Flakes 10 packages for	1.00

SETTLING THE MATTER

of Men's Wear for SPRING & SUMMER

THERE'S no better way of getting at what is really smart for Spring in Men's Clothing than by a glance over the new styles and patterns from the House of Hobblerin.

And Now They Have Arrived

A larger, and it possible, a finer showing than this splendid tailoring house has ever put out before.

Featuring lively cheeful Tweeds fine Worsteds, and of course their famous blues.

Styles Correct—Up to the Minute.

We are eager to have you see these new arrivals when ever you can.

W. R. BRODIE